

# San Joaquin Geological Society

Date: Tuesday, February 13th, 2024

Time: 6:00 PM Social Hour 6:30 PM Dinner 7:00 PM Lecture

Place: American Legion Hall

2020 H Street, Bakersfield, CA 93302

**PSAAPG Members** \$35 with reservation \$40 without reservation

Non PSAAPG Members \$40 with reservation

**Full-time Students with ID** 

FREE!

#### \* RSVP \*

By: noon Monday, February 12<sup>th</sup>, 2024

Register online:

http://www.SanJoaquinGeological Society.org/

Pay online <u>or</u> **cash/check** at the door

## **2024 SJGS OFFICERS**

#### **PRESIDENT**

Lisa Alpert
Aera Energy
laalpert@aeraenergy.com

#### **VICE PRESIDENT**

Martin Jimenez CalGEM

<u>Martin.Jimenez@conservation.ca.</u> <u>gov</u>

#### **SECRETARY**

Kari Hochstatter
Cornerstone Engineering
khochstatter@gmail.com

## **TREASURER**

John Porter
Black Knight Energy

John.porter@blackknightllc.com

## PRESIDENT-ELECT

Ron Foster
Cornerstone Engineering
<a href="mailto:rlf@cornerstoneeng.com">rlf@cornerstoneeng.com</a>

#### **PAST-PRESIDENT**

Jennifer Prosser EnviroTech Consultants, Inc. <u>jprosser@envirotechteam.com</u>

## **AAPG DELEGATE**

Cynthia Huggins CAhuggins747@gmail.com

## **WEB MASTER**

Ivan Aburto
California Resources
Ivan.Aburto@crc.com

## Where Faults Get Stuck: The Nature of Plate Boundary Coupling and Implications for Earthquakes

Presented by: Dr. Matt Herman

Abstract: The general earthquake process (elastic rebound model) has been understood and successfully applied in the context of plate tectonics for decades. Yet the locations and effects of frictionally locked "asperities" (areas of faults that can generate large earthquakes) remain elusive, particularly in underwater subduction settings where the largest earthquakes occur and can generate massive tsunamis. New geophysical observations in subduction zones from Chile to New Zealand to Alaska, combined with advanced geodynamic models of fault locking processes, allow us to better constrain the locations of asperities and determine the effects of locking on earthquake behaviors. Lessons from these subduction-focused models can also be applied to understanding the San Andreas fault system here in California.

**Biography:** Dr. Herman is an Assistant Professor in the Department of Geological Sciences at California State University Bakersfield, where he teaches courses on natural hazards, geophysics, plate tectonics, and geodynamics. He collaborates closely with the US Geological Survey National Earthquake Information Center in Golden, CO, providing seismotectonic expertise to support their earthquake monitoring program. Dr. Herman has a BA in Geology and Physics from Amherst College in Amherst, MA, and a MS and PhD in Geosciences from Penn State. He did his postdoc at Utrecht University in the Netherlands.

### February Sponsor:

EnviroTech Consultants, Inc.